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WITH ADDITIONAL PRACTICE QUESTIONS FOR NEW SYLLABUS

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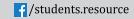
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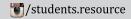
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TOPI	C		Question Number in the To	ring pic's	ON:	Exam Session MJ: May/June October/November
Original						Year
question number in Past Paper	r					Variant
	Loc	ating Errors & Inefficiencies	Q1		(MJ15	5/21)
	2	Read this section of program codesmallest number input. Small = 0 Counter = 0 REPEAT INPUT Num IF Num < Small THEN 10 Counter = Counter + 10 PRINT Small UNTIL Counter < 10 There are four errors in this code.	Num = Small		and then out	put the
		Locate these errors and suggest a	corrected pieo	e of code for each error.		
		1				
		2				
		3				
		4				
						[7]

PAPER 2

TOPIC 1 LOCATING ERRORS

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Locating Errors & Inefficiencies	Q1	(MJ15/21)

Read this section of program code that should input 10 positive numbers and then output the smallest number input.
1 Small = 0
2 Counter = 0
3 REPEAT
4 INPUT Num
5 IF Num < Small THEN Num = Small
6 Counter = Counter + 1
7 PRINT Small
8 UNTIL Counter < 10
There are four errors in this code.
Locate these errors and suggest a corrected piece of code for each error.
1
2
3
4

2

Locating Errors & Inefficiencies	Q2	(MJ15/22)

2		ad this section of program code that should input 30 positive numbers and then output the pest number input.
	1	Large = 9999
	2	Counter = 0
	3	WHILE Counter > 30
	4	DO
	5	INPUT Num
	6	IF Num < Large THEN Large = Num
	7	Counter = Counter - 1
	8	ENDWHILE
	9	PRINT Large
	The	ere are four errors in this code.
	Loc	eate these errors and suggest a corrected piece of code for each error.
	1	
	2	
	3	

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Locating	ELLOLZ	æι	nem	cien	cies

Q3

(ON15/22)

2	Rea	ad this section of program code that should input 50 numbers and then output the average.
	1	Total = 0
	2	For Counter = 1 TO 50
	3	INPUT Num
	4	Total = Total + 1
	5	Counter = Counter + 1
	6	Average = Total/Counter
	7	NEXT Counter
	8	PRINT Average
	The	ere are four errors in this code.
	Loc	eate these errors and suggest code corrections to remove each error.
	1	
	2	
	3	
	4	

Locating	Frrore	Q,	Ino	ffic	ian	ciac
Locating	CITUIS	œ	me	HIC	ш	cies

(0N15/23)

Read this section of program code that should input 50 numbers and then output the average of 2 the positive numbers only.

- Total = 01
- PosCount = 0
- FOR Counter = 1 TO 50 3
- INPUT Num 4
- 5 IF Num < 0 THEN Total = Total + Num
- IF Num > 0 THEN Counter = Counter + 1
- Average = Total/PosCount
- NEXT Counter
- PRINT Num

There are four errors in this code.

Locate these errors and suggest code corrections to remove each error.

1	

3

.....[4]

Q5

(MJ16/21)

2 Read this section of program code that inputs 10 positive numbers and then outputs the smallest number input.

COU REF I I C UNT	Inter = 0 PEAT INPUT Num IF Num < Small THEN Small = Num Counter = Counter + 1 PIL Counter = 10
(i)	Identify three changes you would need to make to find the largest number input instead of the smallest number.
	1
	2
	3
	[3]
(ii)	Rewrite the program code with your changes.
	[3]

Locating	Errors	&	Ineffi	cien	cies
Lucating	FILLOIS	œ	HICH	CICII	CICS

2

Q6

(MJ16/22)

Rea	ad this section of program code that inputs 10 positive numbers and then outputs the total.
1	Total = 0
2	Counter = 0
3	REPEAT
4	INPUT Num
5	Total = Total + Num
6	PRINT Total
7	Counter = Counter + 1
8	UNTIL Counter = 10
This	s code works, but it is inefficient.
(i)	Suggest three improvements that could be made.
	1
	2
	3
	[3]
(ii)	Rewrite the program code with your improvements.
	[3]

07

(ON16/22)

2	Read this section of program code that inputs positive numbers, discards any negative numbers and then outputs the average. An input of zero ends the process.
	<pre>1 Total = 0 2 Counter = 100 3 REPEAT 4 REPEAT 5 INPUT Num 6 UNTIL Num < 0 7 Total = Total + 1 8 Counter = Counter + Num 9 UNTIL Num = 0 10 Average = Total / (Counter - 1) 11 Print Average</pre>
	There are four errors in this code.
	Locate these errors and suggest a correction to remove each error.
	Error 1
	Correction
	Error 2
	Correction
	Error 3
	Correction

Error 4

	Locating	Errors	&	Ineffi	cien	cies
--	----------	---------------	---	--------	------	------

08

(0N16/23)

- 2 Read this section of program code that:
 - inputs 10 numbers
 - · checks whether each number is within a specified range
 - totals the numbers within the range and outside the range

1	InRange = 0
2	OutRange = 1000
3	FOR Count = 1 TO 10
4	INPUT Num
5	IF Num > 10 AND Num < 20 THEN InRange = InRange + 1
6	ELSE OutRange = OutRange - 1
7	Count = Count + 1
8	NEXT X
9	PRINT InRange, OutRange

(a) There are four errors in this code.

ito remove each error.	a correction	suggest	errors and	these	Locate
i to remove each error.	a correction	suggest	errors and	these	Locate

Correction

Error 2	 	

Error 3	 	 	
Composition			

Correction	 	 	

Error	

Correction

.....[4]

(b) Decide, with reasons, whether the numbers 10 and 20 are within or outside the range.

Number	Within range (✓)	Outside range (✔)	Reason
10			
20			

(MJ17/21)

This section of program code asks for 50 numbers to be entered. The total and average of the 2 numbers are calculated.

1 Total = 0
2 Counter = 50
3 PRINT 'When prompted, enter 50 numbers, one at a time'
4 REPEAT
5 PRINT 'Enter a number'
6 INPUT Number
7 Total + Number = Total
Number = Number + 1
9 UNTIL Counter = 50
10 Average = Number * Counter
11 PRINT 'The average of the numbers you entered is ', Average
There are four errors in this code.
State the line number for each error and write the correct code for that line.
Error 1 Line number
Correct code
Error 2 Line number
Correct code
Error 3 Line number
Correct code
Error 4 Line number

[4]

Locating	Frrors	R,	Ine	ffic	ien	cies
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Q10

(MJ17/22)

4 An algorithm has been written in pseudocode to input 100 numbers and print out the sum. A REPEAT ... UNTIL loop has been used.

Count ← 0
Sum ← 0
REPEAT
INPUT Number
Sum ← Sum + Number
Count ← Count + 1
UNTIL Count > 100
PRINT Sum

(a) Find the error in the pseudocode and suggest a correction.

	EIIOI	
	Correction	
		[2]
(b)	Rewrite the correct algorithm using a more suitable loop structure.	
		[3]

(0N17/23)

2 This section of program code asks for 80 numbers between 100 and 1000 to be entered. It checks that the numbers are in the correct range, and stores them in an array. It counts how many of the numbers are larger than 500 and then outputs the result when the program is finished.

1 Count = 0
2 FOR Index = 1 TO 80
3 INPUT 'Enter a number between 100 and 1000', Number
4 WHILE Number = 99 AND Number = 1001
5 INPUT 'This is incorrect, please try again', Number
6 ENDWHILE
7 Num[80] = Number
8 IF Number > 500 THEN Count = Count + 1
9 UNTIL Index = 80
10 PRINT Index
11 PRINT ' numbers were larger than 500'
There are four lines of code that contain errors.
Ctate the line number for each error and write the correct ends for that line
State the line number for each error and write the correct code for that line.
Error 1 Line Number
LITO I LITO NUMBER
Correct Code
Error 2 Line Number
Correct Code
Error 3 Line Number
Correct Code
Error 4 Line Number

[4]

	-		cc	
Locating	Errors	& Inc	efficier	ıcıes

(a)

Q12

(0N18/23)

4	This	is	а	section	of	program	code.
---	------	----	---	---------	----	---------	-------

is a section of program code.
1 Total = 100.00 2 PRINT 'Enter the height of each member of your class, one at a time, when prompted' 3 FOR Count = 1 TO 30 4 PRINT 'Enter a height in metres' 5 INPUT Height 6 Total = Total + Height 7 PRINT Total / 30 8 Count = Count + 1 9 NEXT Count
There are three errors in this code.
State the line numbers that contain the errors and describe how to correct each error.
Error 1
Error 2
LIIOI Z
Error 3

(h)	State	tho	nurnaea	of :	thie	program
(D)	State	me	Durbose	OL	unis	program.

State the purpose of this pro	gram.	
		 [1]

[3]

Q13

(MJ19/22)

2 (a) An algorithm has been written in pseudocode to input 100 numbers, select and print the largest number and smallest number.

```
Count ← 1
INPUT Number
High ← Number
Low ← Count
REPEAT
  INPUT Number
  IF Number > High
    THEN
      High ← Number
  ENDIF
  IF Number > Low
    THEN
      Low ← Number
  ENDIF
  Count ← Count + 1
UNTIL Count = 99
PRINT "Largest Number is ", Number
PRINT "Smallest Number is ", Low
```

Find the four errors in the pseudocode and suggest a correction for each error.

Correction
Error 2
Correction
Error 3
Correction
Error 4
Correction
[4]

Q14

(ON19/22)

2 An algorithm has been written in pseudocode to select a random number using the function RandInt(n), which returns a whole number between 1 and the argument n. The algorithm then allows the user to guess the number.

```
Number ← RandInt(100)
TotalTry ← 1
REPEAT

PRINT "Enter your guess now, it must be a whole number"
INPUT Guess
IF TotalTry > Number
THEN
PRINT "Too large try again"
ENDIF
IF Guess > Number
THEN
PRINT "Too small try again"
ENDIF
TOTALTry ← Guess + 1
UNTIL Guess <> Number
TotalTry ← TotalTry - 1
PRINT "Number of guesses ", TotalTry
```

Find the **four** errors in the pseudocode and suggest a correction to remove each error.

Of I
rrection
or 2
rrection
or 3
rrection
or 4
rrection
[4]

F---- 1

Q15

(0N19/23)

4 The following pseudocode algorithm uses nested IF statements.

```
IF Response = 1
  THEN
    X \leftarrow X + Y
  ELSE
     IF Response = 2
       THEN
         X \leftarrow X - Y
       ELSE
         IF Response = 3
            THEN
              X \leftarrow X * Y
            ELSE
              IF Response = 4
                 THEN
                   X \leftarrow X / Y
                   OUTPUT "No response"
              ENDIF
         ENDIF
    ENDIF
ENDIF
```

(a)	Name the type of statement demonstrated by the use of IF THEN ELSE ENDIF
	[1]
(b)	Re-write the pseudocode algorithm using a CASE statement.
	[A]

Locating Errors & Inefficiencies	Q16	(MJ20/21)
	~ -	(,,

4 The pseudocode algorithm shown should allow numbers to be entered and should allow 50 numbers to be stored in an array.

Count ← 0 REPEAT

INPUT Values[Count] Count ← Count + 1 UNTIL Count = 0 (a) Explain why the algorithm will never end.[2] (b) Re-write the original pseudocode so that it terminates correctly and also prevents numbers below 100 from being stored in the array Values[][4] (c) Describe how you could change your pseudocode in part (b) so that it prevents numbers below 100 and above 200 from being stored in the array Values []

Q17

(MJ20/22)

3 (a) An algorithm has been written in pseudocode to input the names and marks of 35 students. The algorithm stores the names and marks in two arrays Name[] and Mark[]. The highest mark awarded is found and the number of students with that mark is counted. Both of these values are output.

01	HighestMark ← 100
02	HighestMarkStudents ← 0
03	FOR Count ← 1 TO 35
04	OUTPUT "Please enter student name"
05	INPUT Name[Count]
	·
06	OUTPUT "Please enter student mark"
07	INPUT Mark[Counter]
08	<pre>IF Mark[Count] = HighestMark</pre>
09	THEN
10	<pre>HighestMarkStudents ← HighestMarkStudents - 1</pre>
11	ENDIF
12	<pre>IF Mark[Count] > HighestMark</pre>
13	THEN
14	Mark[Count] ← HighestMark
15	$\texttt{HighestMarkStudents} \leftarrow 1$
16	ENDIF
17	NEXT Count
18	OUTPUT "There are ", HighestMarkStudents," with the highest mark of ",
	HighestMark
	Give line numbers where the four errors are to be found in the pseudocode. Suggest a correction for each error.
	Error 1 line number
	Correction
	From 2 line number
	Error 2 line number
	Correction
	Error 3 line number
	Correction
	OUT COUCH
	Error 4 line number
	Correction
	[4]
	[ד]

Topic 1: Locating Errors& Inefficiencies in Pseudocodes & their Rectification

(b)	Explain how you could extend the algorithm to also find the lowest mark awarded, count the number of students with that mark, and output both these values.

Q18

(0N20/23)

2 An algorithm has been written in pseudocode to check the temperature readings taken from a freezer are within the range –18 degrees to –25 degrees inclusive.

The algorithm counts the number of times that the temperature reading is below –25 degrees and the number of times that the temperature reading is above –18 degrees.

An engineer is called if there are more than 10 temperature readings below -25 degrees.

An alarm sounds if there are more than 5 temperature readings above -18 degrees.

```
01
   TooHot ← 0
02 TooCold ← 1000
03 REPEAT
04
       OUTPUT "Please enter temperature"
05
       INPUT Temperature
       IF Temperature < -25
06
07
         THEN
08
           TooCold ← TooCold - 1
09
       ENDIF
10
       IF Temperature > -18
11
         THEN
12
           TooHot ← TooHot + 1
13
       ENDIF
14 UNTIL TooHot > 5 OR TooCold > 10
15 IF TooHot < 5
     THEN
16
       INPUT "Alarm!!"
17
18 ENDIF
19 IF TooCold > 10
20
21
       OUTPUT "Call the Engineer"
22 ENDIF
```

(a) Give the line number(s) from the algorithm of:

an assignment statement
a loop
a counting statement
a selection statement
[4]

Topic 1: Locating Errors& Inefficiencies in Pseudocodes & their Rectification

(b)	Give line numbers where the four errors are to be found in the pseudocode. Suggest a correction for each error.
	Error 1 line number
	Correction
	Error 2 line number
	Correction
	Error 3 line number
	Correction
	Error 4 line number
	Correction
	[4]
(c)	Explain how you could extend the algorithm to count the number of times the temperature
	readings are within the range –18 degrees to –25 degrees inclusive.
	, ,
	readings are within the range –18 degrees to –25 degrees inclusive.
	readings are within the range –18 degrees to –25 degrees inclusive.
	readings are within the range –18 degrees to –25 degrees inclusive.
	readings are within the range –18 degrees to –25 degrees inclusive.
	readings are within the range –18 degrees to –25 degrees inclusive.
	readings are within the range –18 degrees to –25 degrees inclusive.
	readings are within the range –18 degrees to –25 degrees inclusive.
	readings are within the range –18 degrees to –25 degrees inclusive.

24